



# **Sharing Session**

### Université Laval, Canada and Biomaterials



### **Hendra Hermawan**

Assistant Professor, Department of Mining, Metallurgical and Materials Engineering
Université Laval, Canada
<a href="mailto:hermawan@gmn.ulaval.ca">hendra.hermawan@gmn.ulaval.ca</a>



# Part 1: Université Laval

- Me, past and present
- ☐ UL, Quebec City and Canada
- □ Research activities and its management
- □ UL and UTM
- □ Academic challenges in Canada

# Part 2: Biomaterials\*

- Metallic biomaterials
- □ Biodegradable metals

<sup>\*</sup>To facilitate a fruitful discussion, please read a brief introduction to metallic biomaterials: http://iomm.org.my/materials-mind/scientific-article-3-introduction-to-metals-for-medical-devices



# My trajectory





Chartered Engineering
2013
HENDRA HERMAWAN





Cathodic Protection 2013



Electrochemical Impedance Spectroscopy 2016



# **Previously with UTM**



Feedback & Support

Map and Location

Main Campus : Johor Bahru

Kuala Lumpur Campus





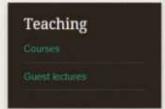


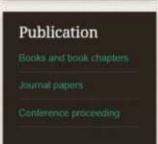
#### Hendra Hermawan, Ph.D., C.Eng.

(octobre 2010 – juillet 2014)

# Profile

# Research





#### Research team



#### **Research interest:**

- Novel biodegradable materials
- Electrochemical degradation studies
- In vitro cell-material interactions
- In vivo degradation monitoring







Q



#### Citation metrics\*



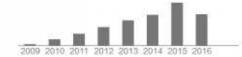


#### Hendra Hermawan

Assistant Professor, Laval University Biomaterials, corrosion, biodegradable metals Verified email at ulaval.ca - Homepage My profile is public



Citation indices	All	Since 2011
Citations	1130	1060
h-index	15	15
i10-index	16	16



2

#### Hermawan, Hendra

Universite Laval, CHU de Quebec Research Center, Quebec Canada

Author ID: 56500756700

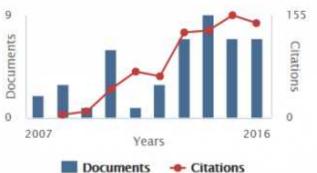
Documents: 46

Citations 751 total citations by 474 documents

h-index: 12 🚱

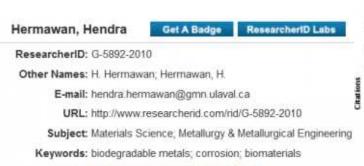
Co-authors: 56

Subject area: Engineering, Materials Science View More

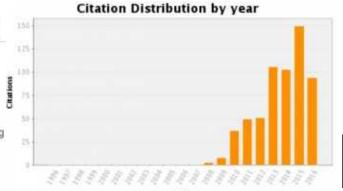


Documents Charlons

3



ORCID: http://orcid.org/0000-0002-5596-9949



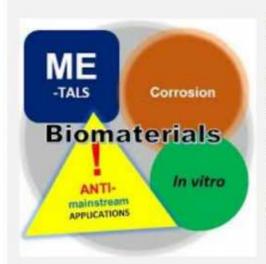
\*Check your Scopus profile: <a href="https://www.scopus.com/search/form/authorFreeLookup.uri">https://www.scopus.com/search/form/authorFreeLookup.uri</a>

Total Articles in Publication List: 33
Articles With Citation Data: 33
Sum of the Times Cited: 602
Average Citations per Article: 18.24
h-index: 11
Last Updated: 07/02/2016 19:18
GMT



#### https://sites.google.com/site/hendrahermawan





Research groups: Canada Research Chair Tier I on Biomaterials and bioengineering for the innovation in surgery. <u>LINK</u>; Advanced Materials Research Center (CERMA). <u>LINK</u>

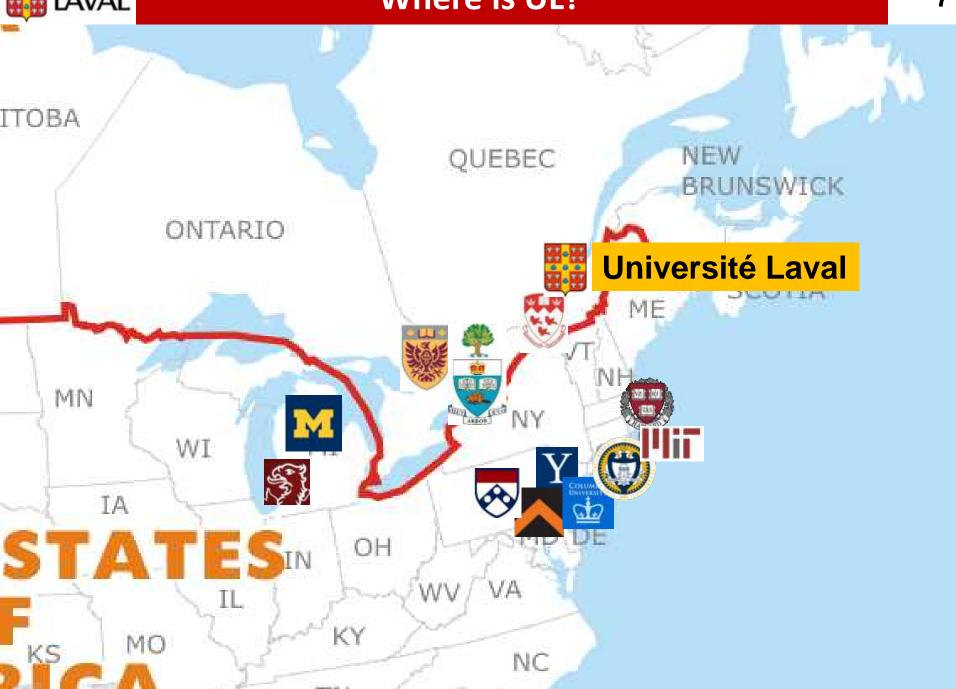
Students: Sébastien Champagne (MS), Corrosion study of novel biomedical alloys; Devi Paramitha (PhD), In vitro simulated 3D construct for testing of biodegradable implants; Adhitya Trenggono (PhD), Functionalization of porous metals; Reza Alavi (PhD), Mechanical integrity of porous biomaterials; Su Yingchao (PhD, CSC exchange), Conversion coating on porous metals.

Collaborators\*: Diego Mantovani (<u>pub</u>), Gabriele RA Froemming (<u>pub</u>), Mohammed Rafiq (<u>pub</u>), Hadi Nur (<u>pub</u>), Izman Sudin (<u>pub</u>), Djoko Hadiprayitno (<u>pub</u>), Ferdiansyah Mahyudin (<u>pub</u>), Deni Noviana (<u>pub</u>), Syafiqah Saidin (<u>pub</u>).

\*proven by joint publication (pub)

Contact: hendra.hermawan at gmail.com







# The big family of UL

16 faculties covering all fields of study, making it a comprehensive university:

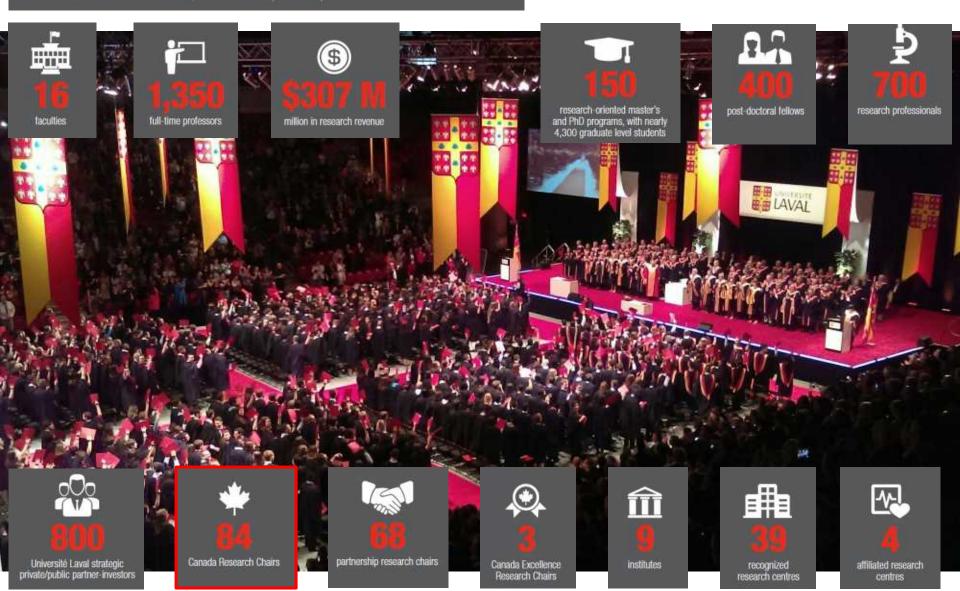
- Faculty of Agriculture and Food Sciences
- Faculty of Arts and Human Sciences
- Faculty of Business Administration
- Faculty of Dentistry
- Faculty of Education
- Faculty of Forestry, Geography and Geomatics
- Faculty of Law
- Faculty of Medicine
- Faculty of Music
- Faculty of Nursing
- Faculty of Pharmacy
- Faculty of Philosophy
- Faculty of Planning, Architecture, Arts and Design
- Faculty of Science and Engineering
- Faculty of Social Sciences
- Faculty of Theology and Religious Studies



# The force of UL

Université Laval teaching and professional resources, chairs, centres and partners (2013)

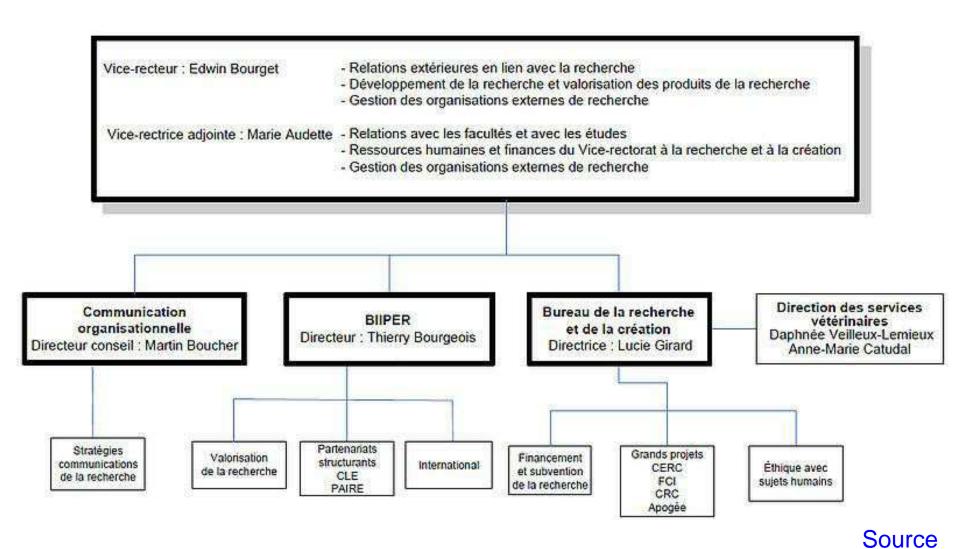
**Source** 





### Research management at UL

# Vice-rectorat à la recherche et à la création (VRRC)





# Dedicated research support team\*

☐ Équipes des facultés: ☐ Conseillers de première ligne Provide all necessary support for a successful funding application: notify professors for every funding opportunity, provide advice and details, liase with funding agencies via VRRC, verify eligibility and conformity of an application before final submission, including proof read. ☐ Équipes du VRRC: En soutien aux facultés et aux chercheurs ☐ Rôle varie selon que les facultés sont □ Décentralisées: Faculté des sciences et de génie □ Non décentralisées



# Research funding agencies

☐ The 3 federal councils (health, science/engineering, social/humanities):







Discovery grant, infrastructure, industrial collaboration, chairs, etc.

☐ Provincial government (10 provinces, 3 territories):



Fonds de recherche Santé Québec





etc...

Establishment of new professor, univ-college-SME fund, etc.

☐ Foundations and philanthropies:





Asia Pacific Foundation of Canada Fondation Asie Pacifique du Canada

An independent think-tank on Canada's relations with Asia





etc...

Leadership grant, ~250k-20M equipment, etc.

☐ Canada-international:









etc...

Globalink fund, inbound/outbound students mobility, etc.



# Research activity



**Assistant Professor:** Teaching function

Dept. of Mining, Metallurgical & Materials Engineering

Laval University. LINK



Researcher: Research function

Axis of Regenerative Medicine

CHU de Québec Research Center. LINK



# Canada Research Chair Tier-1: Biomaterials and Bioengineering for the Innovation in Surgery

Chair holder: Diego Mantovani. Fellow: Hendra Hermawan. Associates: Danielle Pezzoli, Carlo

Paternoster. Postdocts: Ranna Tolouei, Agung Purnama. LINK



#### Research group at university level unifying interdepartmental professors:

Gaétan Laroche, Michèle Auger, Élodie Boisselier, Josée Brisson, Marc-André Fortin, Jesse Greener, Hendra Hermawan, Freddy Kleitz, Mario Leclerc, Diego Mantovani, Jean-François Morin, Roxane Pouliot, Bernard Riedl, Anna Ritcey, Denis Rodrigue. LINK



#### Research group at provincial level unifying interuniversity professors:

Université Laval, Université de Sherbrooke, UQTR, UQAM, CNRC Boucherville, INRS-Énergie, Université Concordia, Université de Montréal, UQAR, Université McGill, École des technologies supérieures, Collège militaire royal du Canada, Cégep Garneau, Cégep de Sherbrooke, Cégep de Thetford, Institut national d'optique. LINK



#### Research network at national level unifying interuniversity professors:

Université Laval, University of British Columbia, University of Alberta, University of Toronto, Dalhousie University. LINK



### **Among 4 UL affiliated research centers**

#### http://www.crchudequebec.ulaval.ca



5 hospitals



The Center

The Services

The Training

#### Tuesday 26 Jul

#### **Professeur Manuel Prieto**

Conférence

Amyloid-like fibers and the role of lipids: Structure and dynamics ...

Calendar

#### **JOBS**

#### Professionnel(le) de recherche

Serge Dumont

List >

· Research Areas

The Research

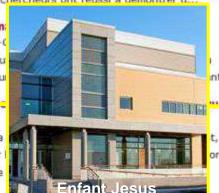
- · Endocrinology and nephrology
- · Infectious and immune diseases
- Neuroscience
- Oncology
- Regenerative Medecine
- Reproduction, mother and youth health
- Population Health and Optimal Health Practices
- · Clinical and evaluative research
- Researchers
- Scientific Publications

New England Journal of Medicine, Les chercheurs



Recent publi





Saint-France is d'Assise Hospital

St-François d'Assise

#### PHONEBOOK

CONTRACTOR OF STREET	
Last name	
First name	
Research area	~

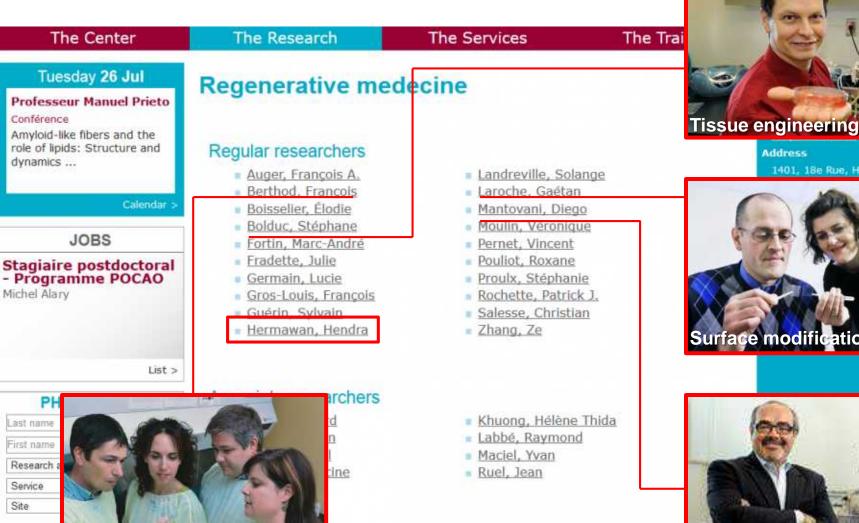
St-Sacrément



# **Regenerative Medecine**

#### http://www.crchudequebec.ulaval.ca

ft and hard tissues



Lamontagne, Jean

Laughrea, Patricia-Ann

Lopez-Valle, Carlos-Antonio

hers

Desnoyers, Serge

Dion, Yves-Marie

1401, 18e Rue, H609





All active clinical studies



### **Biomaterials lab**

# **Research directions:**

G. Laroche, D. Mantovani, H. Hermawan Surface modification Plasma coating of polymers on metals Metal ion implantation Vascular tissue engineering Polymers scaffold for blood vessel Soft tissue biomechanics Inert metallic biomaterials ■ Surface treatment of SS, Ti, Co alloys New process for semi-finished metal products **Biodegradable metals** New alloys development New applications Plasma CVD Clean room Cell culture



#### **Graduate studies**

# PhD Metallurgy/Materials (GMN/GML)

Source

#### **Selection criteria:**

Excellence candidature (academic transcript BS, MS, reference letters, CV, publications, etc.)

#### **Competence linguistic:**

Candidate must show capability in communicating either in French or English (TOEFL >500)

#### **Research direction:**

Pre-approval from potential supervisor

**Apply for admission** 

#### Research domain:

Métallurgie physique et science des matériaux, technologie et aluminium, biomatériaux et bioingénierie, ingénierie de surface, imagerie médicale

0	bligatory credits:	
•	GML-8000 Examen de doctorat	6
•	GMN-8001 Séminaire de doctorat I	1
•	GMN-8002 Séminaire de doctorat II	1
•	GMN-8003 Séminaire de doctorat III	1
٠	Elective courses	9
•	Research activities	<u>78</u>
	Total minimum credit	96





# **Cost of studying at UL**

	Tuition Fee	s 2015-2016*					
	Master's Degree	Doctoral Degree	Doctoral Degree with Exemption <sup>1</sup>	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR			
1 course (3 credits)	\$1,638.51	\$1,477.65	\$ 297.15				
1 full-time semester	\$8,157.18	\$7,352.88	\$1,450.38	UL studer	nts housin	g	
(15 credits)				Application Fee <sup>2</sup>	\$79	\$79	\$79
<sup>1</sup> All foreign	PhD students a	re eligible for this	s exemption.	Application	\$110	\$110	\$110
1 academic year	\$16,314.36	\$14,705.76	\$2,900.76	for Quebec Acceptance Certificate			
(30 credits)				Study permit	\$150	\$150	\$150
Medical and	\$1,044/yr.	\$1,044/yr.	\$1,044/yr.	Food and Lodging	\$9,200	\$9,200	\$9,200
hospital insurance				Academic and personal expenses (books, clothes, transportation, etc.)	\$3,500	\$3,500	\$3,500
UL sports cen	ter		道性。	Total to budget for	\$30,397.36	\$28,788.76	\$16,983.76 Source



# +Financial support for students\*

# PhD GMN/GML at FSG UL

**Source** 

<ul> <li>S1-S2: Welcome grant (for foreign students, \$1,000/season)</li> </ul>	\$ 2,000
■ S3-S9: Support grant (\$500/season)	\$ 3,500
S1-S4: Seminar 1 (1 time)	\$ 500
S1-S5: Predoc exam (1 time)	\$ 500
<ul> <li>S1-S9: Publication (1 time)</li> </ul>	\$ 500
<ul> <li>S1-S12: Conference (1 time)</li> </ul>	\$ 500
<ul> <li>S1-S14: Thesis submission (1 time)</li> </ul>	<b>\$ 1,000</b>
*S = season Total support/student	\$ 8.500

\*On top of scholarship received by students from other sources (government, NGO or supervisor).





# **Academic challenges**



https://jobs.uic.edu/jnti-board/job-details?jobID+66284



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nature jobs newsletter The career magazine for scientists

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CALL FOR NOMINATIONS SUBMIT YOUR NOMINATION BEFORE TUESDAY 14TH JUNE 2016

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Department: Engineering/ Mechanical and Industrial Engineering

FIND JOBS

Category: Faculty

Chicago Location: 12/01/2016 Close Date:



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#### Engineering

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#### Chemical and Materials Engineering Concordia University

#### **Date Posted**

Apr. 19, 2016

#### Job Title

Chemical and Materials Engineering

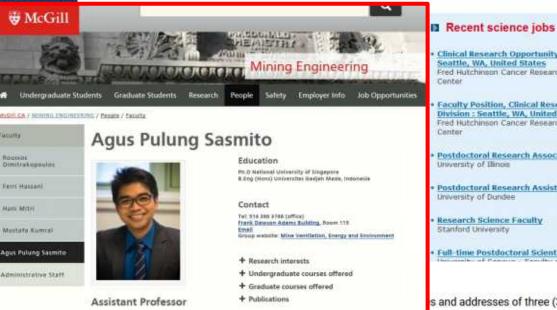
Chemical and Materials Engineering

#### Institution

Concordia University

Montreal, QC

Canada



Clinical Research Opportunity: Seattle, WA, United States

Faculty Position, Clinical Research Division: Seattle, WA, United States Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research

Postdoctoral Research Associate

Postdoctoral Research Assistant

Research Science Faculty

Full-time Postdoctoral Scientist

s and addresses of three (3) refer

Dr. David Taylor, Chair

Department of Chemical and Biological Engineering University of Ottawa

david.taylor@uottawa.ca

All qualified candidates are invited to apply; however, preference will be given to Canadian citizens and permanent residents. is an equal opportunity employer. We strongly encourage applications from women, Aboriginal peoples, persons with disabilit visible minorities. If you are invited to continue the selection process, please notify us of any particular adaptive measures yo contacting the Office of the Associate Vice-President, Faculty Affairs at 613-562-5958. Any information you send us will be ha complete confidence.

The University of Ottawa is proud of its 160-year tradition of bilingualism. Through its Official Languages and Bilingualism Ins provides training to staff members and to their spouses in their second official language. At the time of tenure, professors are ability to function in a bilingual setting.



# **Academic challenges**

### 1. Win the competition:

- Sending applications for getting interviewed
- Beating all competitors: PhD++
- 5 years contract (tenure-track)
- Assistant Professor \*

#### 2. Get the tenure:

- Fulfilling all requirements within the given time
- <u>Teaching, research\*, internal participation</u>
- \*external funding, graduate students, publications
- Associate Professor \*\*

#### 3. Go international:

- Excellence in teaching, research, external\* participation
- \*world leader in the field, international reputation and network
- Full Professor ★★★★



#### **UL-UTM** collaboration

The latest

Colloids and Surfaces B: Biointerfaces

Volume 145, 1 September 2016, Pages 130-139



Immobilization of antibacterial chlorhexidine on stainless steel using crosslinking polydopamine film: Towards infection resistant medical devices

- \* Biomedical Science Laboratory, Faculty of Biosciences and Medical Engineering, Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, 81310 Johor Bahru, Johor, Malaysia
- Department of Biotechnology and Medical Engineering, Faculty of Biosciences and Medical Engineering, Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, 81310 Johor Bahru, Johor, Malaysia
- Department of Mining, Metallurgical and Materials Engineering & CHU de Québec Research Center, Laval University, Quebec City, G1V 0A6, Canada

The first

Materials Science and Engineering: C





Polydopamine as an intermediate layer for silver and hydroxyapatite immobilisation on metallic biomaterials surface





#### Materials & Design

Volume 85, 15 November 2015, Pages 431-437



Influence of thermal treatment on microstructure, mechanical and degradation properties of Zn–3Mg alloy as potential biodegradable implant material

SCIENTIFIC REPORTS

The highest

Scientific Reports **5**, Article number: 11194 (2015)

doi:10.1038/srep11194

Controlling the degradation kinetics of porous iron by poly(lactic-co-glycolic acid) infiltration for use as temporary medical implants

Abdul Hakim Md Yusop, Nurizzati Mohd Daud, Hadi Nur<sup>™</sup>, Mohammed Rafiq Abdul Kadir & Hendra Hermawan <sup>™</sup>

Journal of
Biomedical Materials Research
PART B APPLIED BIOMATERIALS

More...

Original Research Report

Degradation behavior of biodegradable Fe35Mn alloy stents

N. B. Sing<sup>1</sup>, A. Mostavan<sup>2</sup>, E. Hamzah<sup>3</sup>, D. Issue Mantovani<sup>2</sup>, and H. Hermawan<sup>1,2</sup>,

Version of Record online: 21 JUN 2014 DOI: 10.1002/jbm.b.33242

© 2014 Wiley Periodicals, Inc.



Materials Research Part B: Applied Biomaterials Volume 103, Issue 3, pages 572–577 April 2015

Journal of Biomedical



Materials Science and Engineering: C

Volume 51, 1 June 2015, Pages 294-299



Structure–property relationships of iron–hydroxyapatite ceramic matrix nanocomposite fabricated using mechanosynthesis method

Jamillah Amer Nordin³, Djoko Hadi Prajitno³, Syafiqah Saidin³, Hadi Nurc. a. ♣, ➡, Hendra Hermawan⁵ ♣. ➡





#### **UL-UTM** collaboration

#### GENERAL COOPERATION AGREEMENT

(Memorandum of Understanding)

#### BETWEEN

Université Laval (Québec, Québec, Canada)

Universiti Teknologi Malaysia (Johor Bahru, Johor, Malaysia)

WHEREAS Université Laval and Universiti Teknologi Malaysia wish to collaborate through different teaching and research programs in order to improve the qualifications of the teaching staff and students of both institutions;

WHEREAS both institutions wish to develop, through this collaboration, their teaching and research resources in their fields of competence;

WHEREAS both universities have a genuine interest in the promotion of such international collaboration on the basis of equality and mutual assistance;

Université Laval, on the one hand, and Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, on the other, agrees to the following:

#### Article 1 - FIELDS OF COOPERATION

The general cooperation agreement includes all programs of mutual interest in the two institutions.

#### Article 2 - MODES OF COOPERATION

- 2.1 A separate agreement shall be required for each cooperative program. The following activities are considered:
  - exchanges of professors;
  - · exchanges of students;





























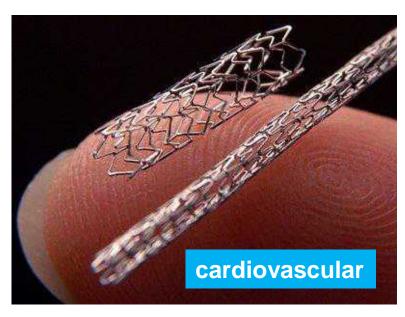
**Next ... Part 2: Metallic biomaterials from inert to biodegradable** 



# **Biomaterials**











# **Type of biomaterials**

Table 1.3 Materials commonly used for biomedical applications

Materials	Advantages	Disadvantages	Applications
Metals: stainless steel, Ti alloys, Co-Cr alloys, Mg alloys, etc.	Though, strong, ductile	Non bioactive	Load bearing implants; dental implants, joint replacement, cardiovascular stents, etc.
Ceramics: zirconia, alumina, bioglass, calcium phosphate, etc.	Bioactive, inert,	Brittle, not resilient	Orthopaedic and dental implants
Polymers: nylon, polylactide, polyethylene, polyesters, etc.	Bioactive, resilient	Not strong	Blood vessel grafts, sutures, hip sockets, etc.
Composites: amalgam, fiber-reinforced bone cement, etc.	Tailor made	Relatively difficult to make	Bone cement, dental resin



# **Metallic biomaterials**

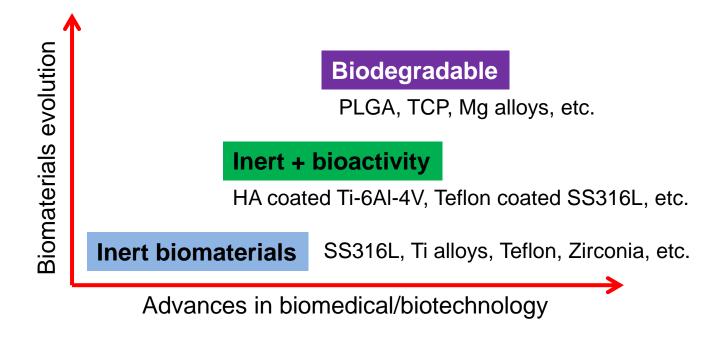
Table 1.2 Implants division and type of metals used

Division	Implants	Type of metal
Orthopaedic	• Bone fixation (plate, screw, pin)	SS316L; Ti; Ti-6Al-4V
	<ul> <li>Spinal fixation</li> </ul>	SS316L; Ti; Ti-6Al-4V; Ti-6Al-7Nb
	<ul> <li>Artificial joints</li> </ul>	Co-Cr-Mo; T-6Al-4V; Ti-6Al-7Nb
Craniofacial	Plate and screw	SS316L; Co-Cr-Mo; Ti; Ti-6Al-4V
Cardiovascular	<ul> <li>Artificial valve</li> </ul>	Ti-6Al-4V
	• Stent	SS316L; Co-Cr-Mo; Ti
	<ul> <li>Pace maker case</li> </ul>	Ti; Ti-6Al-4V
	<ul> <li>Stent graft</li> </ul>	SS316L
Otorhinology	<ul> <li>Artificial eardrum</li> </ul>	SS316L
	• Artificial inner ear (electrode)	Pt
Dentistry	• Filling	Ag-Sn(-Cu) amalgam, Au
(50)	<ul> <li>Inlay, crown, bridge</li> </ul>	Au-Cu-Ag; Au-Cu-Ag-Pt-Pd; Ti; Co-Cr
	<ul> <li>Orthodontic wire</li> </ul>	SS316L; Co-Cr-Mo; Ti-Ni; Ti-Mo
	<ul> <li>Dental implant</li> </ul>	Ti; Ti-6Al-4V; Ti-6Al-7Nb; Au



### **Biomaterials evolution**

### **Paradigm shift:**



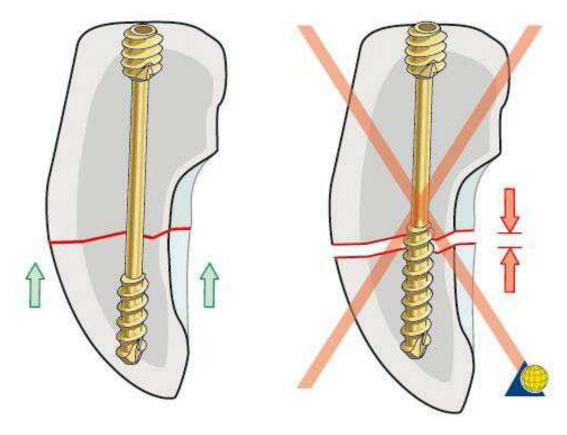


# If after healing the screws disappear ...





# How shall they perform?

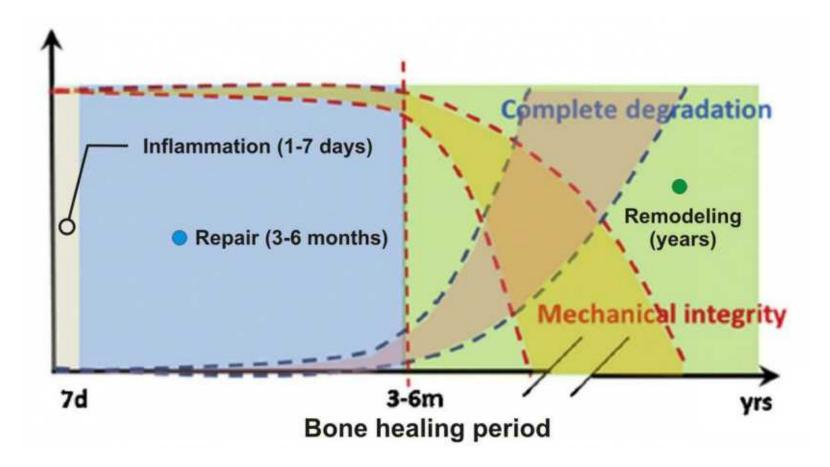


https://www2.aofoundation.org/wps/portal/surgery

- ☐ Provide a temporary mechanical support
- Degrade progressively
- □ Do not cause problem of toxicity (but +biofunctionnalities)



### Idealization for hard tissue



**Fig. 6.5:** Schematic diagram showing ideal behavior of biodegradable metal implants for bone fracture fixation. Degradation rate stays low during the first 3-6 months and increases thereafter, and mechanical integrity stays relatively constant during the same period and progressively deteriorate thereafter.



# **Biodegradable metals: Definition**



#### Materials Science and Engineering R

SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

end to: 🖂

2012

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/mser

#### Biodegradable metals

Y.F. Zheng a,b,\*, X.N. Gu c, F. Witte d

- \*State Key Laboratory for Turbulence and Complex System and Department of Materials Science and Engineering, College of En Beijing 100871, China
- b Shenzhen Key Laboratory of Human Tissue Regeneration and Repair, Shenzhen Institute, Peking University, Shenzhen 5180
- <sup>c</sup> Key Laboratory for Biomechanics and Mechanobiology of Ministry of Education, School of Biological Science and Medical Eng Beijing 100191, China
- d Julius Wolff Institute and Center for Musculoskeletal Surgery, Berlin-Brandenburg Center for Regenerative Therapies, Charité-Augustenburger Platz 1, 13353 Berlin, Germany

The definition of BMs can be given as follows: BMs are metals expected to corrode gradually *in vivo*, with an appropriate host response elicited by released corrosion products, then dissolve completely upon fulfilling the mission to assist with tissue healing with no implant residues. Therefore, the major component of BM

stent thrombosis. During stent degradation, endothelial and smooth muscle cells will be exposed to local unknown physiological consequences. Here, we investigated the effects of elevated magnesium concertant smooth muscle cell (HCAEC, HCASMC) growth and gene expression. In the course of 24 h after in (1 or 10 mM) intracellular magnesium level in HCASMC raised from 0.55 ± 0.25 mM (1 mM) to 1.38 ± 0. detected in HCAEC. Accordingly, a DNA microarray-based study identified 69 magnesium regulated transcripts in HCASMC. Notably, a significant regulation of various growth factors and extrace contrast, viability and proliferation of HCAEC were increased at concentrations of up to 25 mM magnesium proliferation appeared to be unaffected. Taken together, our data indicate that magnesium halts smooth endothelial cell proliferation, which might translate into a beneficial effect in the setting of stent associal

Biodegradable Metals From Concept to Applications

SPRINGER BRIEFS IN MATERIALS



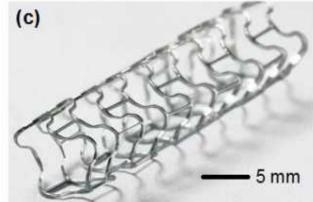


# **Product prototypes**









**AMS Biotronik** 



### **Biodegradable metals: Elements**



Protein / Protéines 19 g	
Vitamin A / Vitamine A	0%
Vitamin C / Vitamine C	2%
Calcium / Calcium	25 %
Iron / Fer	50 %
Phosphorus / Phosphore	25 %
Magnesium / Magnésium V	30 %
Zine / Zine V	15 %











# **Biodegradable metals: Properties**

		Degradation			
Metal	E	YS	UTS	3	rate*
	(GPa)	(MPa)	(MPa)	(%)	(mm/year)
Pure magnesium (annealed)	45	30	100	7	8
Mg-Al (AZ31, extruded)		175	250	14	2.0
Mg-RE (WE43, extruded)		180	280	10	4.34
Mg-1Ca (extruded)		135	240	10	1.4
Mg-1Zn (rolled)		160	240	7	1.52
Pure iron (annealed)	200	150	200	40	0.2
Pure iron (electroformed annealed)		270	290	18	0.75
Fe-35Mn (PM annealed)		230	430	30	0.44
Fe-10Mn-1Pd (forged)		850	1450	10	0.42
Fe-30Mn-6Si (cast)		180	430	17	0.3
Pure zinc	100	-	20	0.3	0.5
Zn-1Mg (cast)		-	150	2	0.20
Zn-1Mg (extruded)		170	250	11	0.12
Zn-3Mg (ECAP)**		205	220	6	0.28



# Magnesium and its alloys

#### Consideration

☐ Toxicity:

High daily allowance level: 700 mg

Essential element: enzyme activator, protein co-regulator

☐ Degradability:

Degraded in physiological condition via corrosion:

$$Mg + 2H_2O \rightarrow Mg(OH)_2 + H_2$$

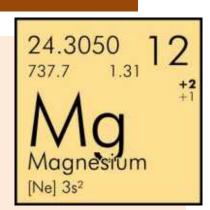
Challenge: high degradation rate, hydrogen gas formation

☐ Mechanical property:

Light weight: 1.74 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

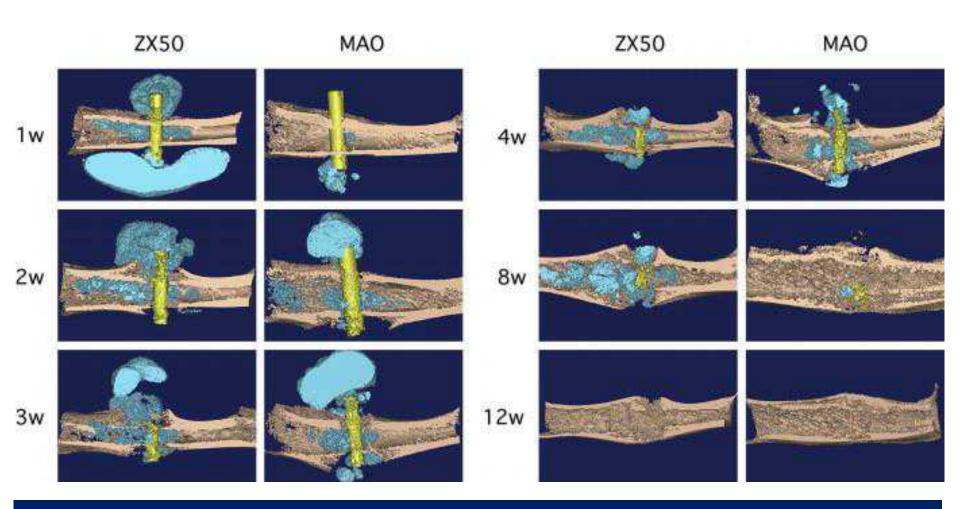
Low elastic modulus: 45 GPa near to that of bone (~30 GPa)

Challenge: low strength and ductility





# Mg alloy pin



μCT Mimics® 3D reconstructions of the implant site for ZX50 and MAO implants; gas bubbles are visible in light blue.



# Mg alloy screw





Fig. 4: Fig. 4. Clinical observation of complete degradation and bone healing of Mg alloy (Mg-5wt%Ca-1wt%Zn) screw over a 1-y period.

В







"Controlled degradation of Mg-5Ca-1Zn alloy results in the formation of biomimicking calcification matrix at the degrading interface to initiate the bone formation process. This process facilitates early bone healing and allows the complete replacement of biodegradable Mg implant by the new bone within 1 y of implantation, as demonstrated in 53 cases of successful long-term clinical study."

Lee J-W, et al. Long-term clinical study and multiscale analysis of in vivo biodegradation mechanism of Mg alloy. PNAS 113 (2016) 716–721.



# Iron and its alloys

#### Consideration

**□** Toxicity:

Essential element: oxygen transport, component of metalloprotein

Medium daily allowance level: 20 mg

Challenge: excessive presence causes liver toxicity

**□** Degradability:

Degraded in physiological condition via corrosion:

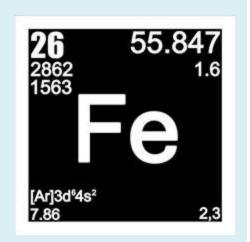
$$2Fe + O_2 + 2H_2O \rightarrow 2Fe(OH)_2$$

Challenge: low degradation rate

☐ Mechanical property:

High strength and ductility

High elastic modulus: 200 GPa





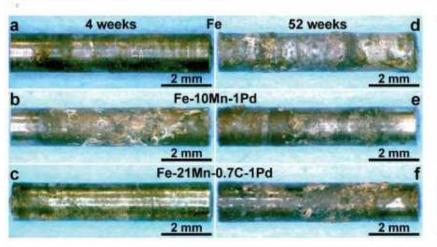
# Iron alloy for pin

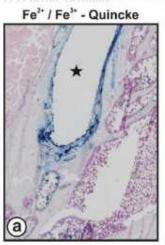
Biodegradable Fe-based alloys for use in osteosynthesis: Outcome of an in vivo study after 52 weeks

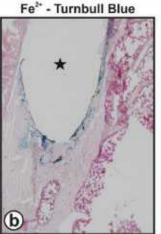


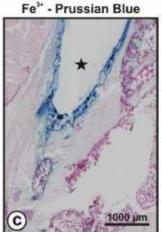
Tanja Kraus <sup>a</sup>, Frank Moszner <sup>b</sup>, Stefan Fischerauer <sup>c</sup>, Michael Fiedler <sup>c</sup>, Elisabeth Martinelli <sup>c</sup>, Johannes Eichler <sup>c</sup>, Frank Witte <sup>d</sup>, Elmar Willbold <sup>e</sup>, Michael Schinhammer <sup>b</sup>, Martin Meischel <sup>f</sup>, Peter J. Uggowitzer <sup>b</sup>, Jörg F. Löffler <sup>b</sup>, Annelie Weinberg <sup>c.\*</sup>

d Julius Walff Inctitut Charité - Universitätsmedizin Berlin Augustenburgernlatz 1 13353 Berlin Cormany









Low oxygen content in the vicinity of the implants + dense degradation products = slow in vivo corrosion

Well integrated, degradation processes caused no obvious harm to the neighboring tissues.

Because of the relatively <u>slow degradation</u> of the alloys, their suitability for bulk temporary implants such as those in osteosynthesis applications appears questionable.

<sup>\*</sup>Department of Paediatric Orthopaedics, Medical University Graz, 8036 Graz, Austria

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Laboratory of Metal Physics and Technology, Department of Materials, ETH Zurich, 8093 Zurich, Switzerland

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Department of Orthopaedics, Medical University Graz, 8036 Graz, Austria



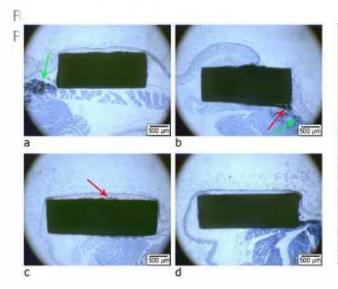
# Iron alloy for stent

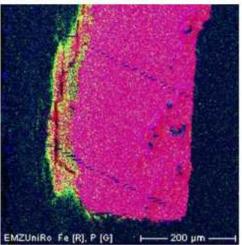
Diomateriais

# In vitro and in vivo corrosion properties of new iron-manganese alloys designed for cardiovascular applications

Andreas Drynda,1\* Thomas Hassel,2\* Friedrich Wilhelm Bach,2 Matthias Peuster3

- <sup>1</sup>Department of Orthopaedics, Otto-von-Guericke University of Magdeburg, Magdeburg, Germany
- <sup>2</sup>Institute of Materials Science, Leibniz University Hannover, An der Universität 2, 30823 Garbsen, Germany
- <sup>3</sup> Jilin Heart Hospital, Department of Congenital and Pediatric Cardiology, Changchun, 130117 Jilin, China





- In vitro: Fe-0.5Mn, Fe-2.7Mn, Fe-6.9Mn alloys exhibit good mechanical and corrosion features + suitable biocompatibility.
- In vivo: even after 9 months no significant corrosion was detectable.
- Reason: formation of passive layers (FeMn phosphates)

Strategies to <u>prevent or dissolve those layers</u> need to be developed to expedite the *in vivo* corrosion of FeMn alloys.



### **Iron composites**

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

#### Materials Science and Engineering C

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/msec



Materials Science and Engineering C 36 (2014) 336–344.

In vitro and in vivo degradation evaluation of novel iron-bioceramic composites for bone implant applications



M.F. Ulum a,b, A. Arafat a,c,1, D. Noviana b, A.H. Yusop a, A.K. Nasution a,d, M.R. Abdul Kadir a, H. Hermawan a,\*

- <sup>a</sup> Faculty of Biosciences and Medical Engineering, Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, Johor Bahru, Malaysia
- Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Bogor Agricultural University, Bogor, Indonesia
- c Faculty of Mechanical Engineering, Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, Johor Bahru, Malaysia
- <sup>d</sup> Faculty of Engineering, Muhammadiyah University of Riau, Pekan Baru, Indonesia

→ Bioactivity toward bone was improved, but corrosion rate was not accelerated.

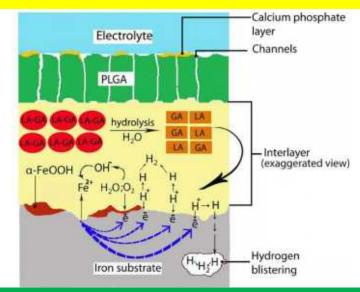
Scientific Reports 5 (2015) 11194. DOI: 10.1038/srep11194.

# SCIENTIFIC REPORTS

Received: 26 February 2015 Accepted: 15 May 2015 Published: 09 June 2015

OPEN Controlling the degradation kinetics of porous iron by poly(lactic-co-glycolic acid) infiltration for use as temporary medical implants

> Abdul Hakim Md Yusop<sup>3</sup>, Nurizzati Mohd Daud<sup>3</sup>, Hadi Nur<sup>3</sup>, Mohammed Rafiq Abdul Kadir<sup>3</sup> & Hendra Hermawan<sup>1,3</sup>



→ PLGA controls corrosion rate, faster corrosion was achieved.



#### Iron foam for scaffolds

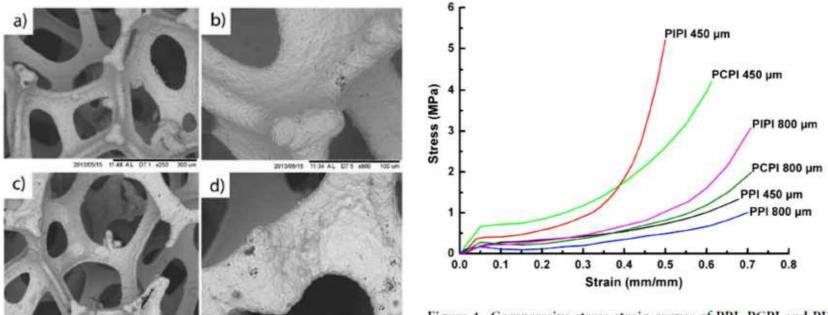


Figure 4. Compressive stress-strain curves of PPI, PCPI and PIPI samples.

Yusop AHM, et al. Controlling the degradation kinetics of porous iron by poly(lactic-co-glycolic acid) infiltration for use as temporary medical implants. Scientific Reports 5 (2015) 11194.

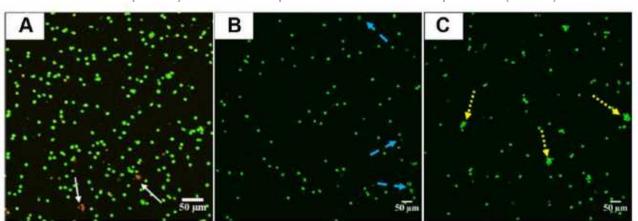


Figure 5 Human skin fibroblast cells detached from: (A) pure-Fe, (B) HA/PCL-Fe, (C) HA-Fe samples.

Daud NM, et al. Degradation and in vitro cell—material interaction studies on hydroxyapatite-coated biodegradable porous iron for hard tissue scaffolds. J Ortho Trans 2 (2014) 177.



# Zinc and its alloys

#### Consideration

☐ Toxicity:

Essential element: trace elements in many enzymes

Medium daily allowance level: 15 mg

Challenge: excessive presence causes neurotoxicity

□ Degradability:

Degraded in physiological condition via corrosion:

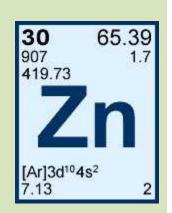
$$2Zn + O_2 + 2H_2O \rightarrow 2Zn(OH)_2$$

Challenge: modulate degradation rate?

■ Mechanical property:

Elastic modulus: 100 GPa

Challenge: low strength and ductility





### Mechanical property enhancement via extrusion

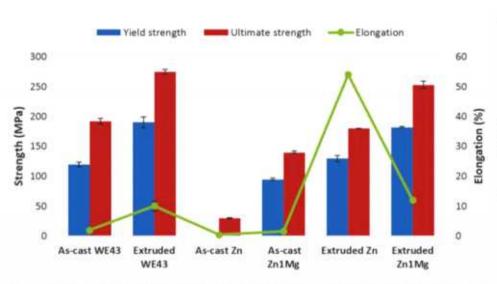


FIGURE 8. Tensile properties of as-cast and extruded WE43, pure Zn and Zn-1Mg. Only ultimate strength was available because as-cast Zn specimen cracked before plastic deformation. [Color figure can be

Gong H, et al. In vitro biodegradation behavior, mechanical properties and cytotoxicity of biodegradable Zn–Mg alloy. J Biomed Mater Res Part B 103B (2015) 1632.

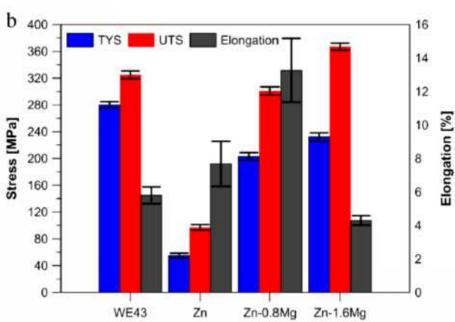


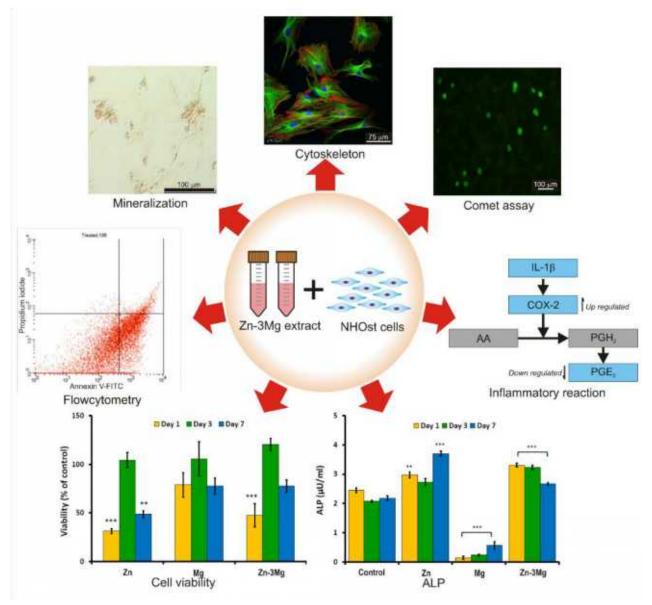
Fig. 3. Mechanical properties of the alloys: a) Vickers hardness (HV 5) and compressive yield strength (CYS), and b) tensile yield strength (TYS), ultimate tensile strength (UTS) and elongation (E).

Kubásek J, et al. Structure, mechanical characteristics and in vitro degradation, cytotoxicity, genotoxicity and mutagenicity of novel biodegradable Zn–Mg alloys.

Mater Sci Eng C 58 (2016) 24.



# **Toxicity of Zn-3Mg alloy**

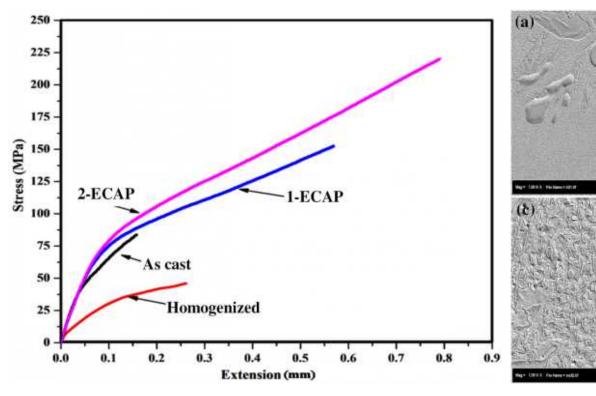


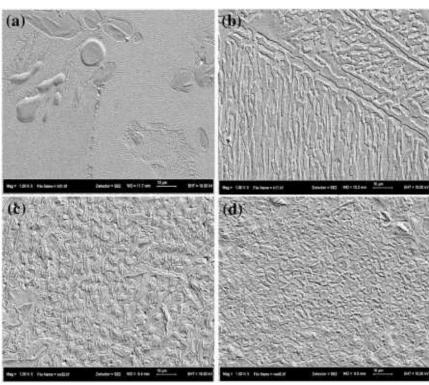
Murni NS, et al. Cytotoxicity evaluation of biodegradable Zn-3Mg alloy toward normal human osteoblast cells.

Mater Sci Eng C 49 (2015) 560.



### Mechanical property enhancement via ECAP





# Zn-3Mg alloy

Dambatta MS. PhD thesis. University of Technology Malaysia. 2015

Condition	Tensile strength	Yield strength	Elongation (%)	Young's
	(MPa)	(MPa)		modulus (GPa)
As cast	84 ± 9	65 ± 9	1.3 ± 0.3	132 ± 4
Homogenized	46 ± 1	36 ± 3	2.1 ± 0.1	84 ± 3
1-ECAP	153 ± 4	137 ± 2	4.6 ± 0.5	205 ± 9
2-ECAP	220 ± 3	205 ± 4	6.3 ± 0.9	210 ± 8



# **Biodegradable metals: Facts and figures**

- □ Web of Science core collection: publications on biodegradable metals for biomedical applications
  - Up to 2005 <50</li>
  - Over the past 10 years >2,000
- □ Researchers in academia and industries see their potential to revolutionize the medical products.
- □ They are working on developing new standards (ISO, ASTM) in collaboration with the FDA.
- ☐ The development is fostered by the advancing knowledge in MSE, corrosion and metal technology, **AND** ...
- ☐ Enthusiastic ~120 researchers who gathers each year for a full week meeting in secluded place discussing the field.



# Biodegradable metals: Map



Map of biodegradable metals related research groups in 2012, based on publications indexed in Scopus.



#### **Recent papers**

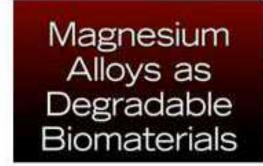
#### Recent selected research papers:

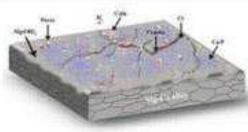
- Long-term clinical study and multiscale analysis of in vivo biodegradation mechanism of Mg alloy. (*Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences*, January 2016). <u>LINK</u>
- ☐ Controlling the degradation kinetics of porous iron by poly(lactic-co-glycolic acid) infiltration for use as temporary medical implants. (*Scientific Reports*, June 2015). LINK
- □ Development of biodegradable Zn-1X binary alloys with nutrient alloying elements Mg, Ca and Sr. (*Scientific Reports*, May 2015). LINK

#### **Recent selected review papers:**

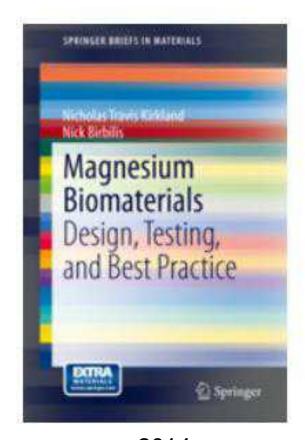
- ☐ Iron and iron-based alloys for temporary cardiovascular applications. (*Materials in Medicine*, February 2015). LINK
- □ Recent advances on the development of magnesium alloys for biodegradable implants. (*Acta Biomaterialia*, November 2014). LINK
- ☐ Biodegradable metals. (*Materials Science and Engineering R*, March 2014). LINK

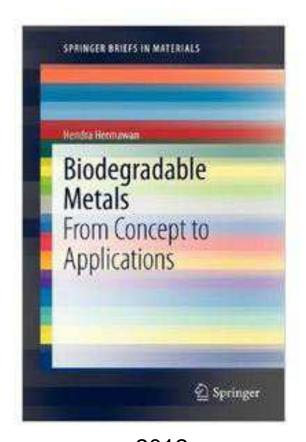
Books 51











2015 LINK 2014 LINK 2012 <u>LINK</u>



# **ASTM standard (draft)**

Date: June 15, 2015

Tech Contact: John Disegi, disegi.john@synthes.com

Work Item #: WK46455

Ballot Action: Standard Guide for Metallurgical Characterization of Absorbable Metallic

Materials for Medical Implants

Rationale: New guide to support the standardization of future specifications for

absorbable metallic materials for medical implants.

#### Standard Guide for Metallurgical Characterization of Absorbable Metallic Materials for Medical Implants

#### 1. Scope

- 1.1 This guidance document provides metallurgical characterization information that may be beneficial in the evaluation of absorbable metallic materials intended for medical implant applications. This guide is primarily intended for absorbable metallic materials. A few relevant standards for finished implant devices are included for information purposes.
- 1.2 The purpose of this guide is to provide appropriate test methods and relevant medical product standards that can be used to develop future standards for new or modified absorbable metallic materials.
- 1.3 This guide is not intended to cover other major classes of materials such as polymers, ceramics, composites, and tissue engineered materials.
- 1.4 This standard guide is focused on the chemical, physical, microstructural, and mechanical properties plus inspection guidelines for wrought and cast metallic materials that are used for medical implants designed to absorb in the body over a period of time. It does not include safety and biocompatibility requirements since safety and biocompatibility testing is typically done on materials fabricated into a final form to include all possible effects of fabrication and sterilization techniques.
- 1.5 Compliance with materials specifications developed in accordance with this standard may not necessarily result in a material suitable for its intended purpose. Additional testing specific to the intended use may be required.

#### 2. Referenced Documents

#### 2.1 ASTM Standards:

A262 Practices for Detecting Susceptibility to Intergranular Attack in Austenitic Stainless Steels

A342 Test Methods for Permeability of Weakly Magnetic Materials

A480/A480M Specification for General Requirements for Flat Rolled Stainless and Heat-Resisting Steel Plate Sheet, and Strip

A484/A484M Specification for General Requirements for Stainless Steel Bars, Billets, and Forgings

A555/A555M Specification for General Requirements for Stainless Steel Wire and Wire Rods

A751 Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology for Chemical Analysis of Steel Products



# **Commercial products**



#### K-MET Clinical result













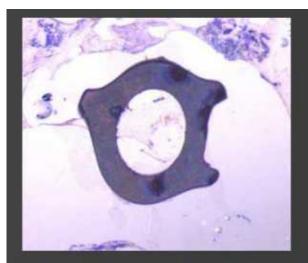
# **Commercial products**



http://www.syntellix.de

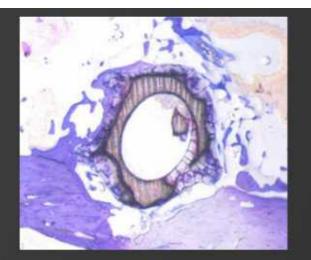


#### Magnezix Clinical result



Histological image of implanted MAGNEZIX®

Compression Screw after a few days.



Conversion has started of an implanted MAGNEZIX<sup>®</sup> Compression Screw after several months



Transformation of a MAGNEZIX®

Compression Screw into calcium phosphate after 12 months with clear bone adsorption.

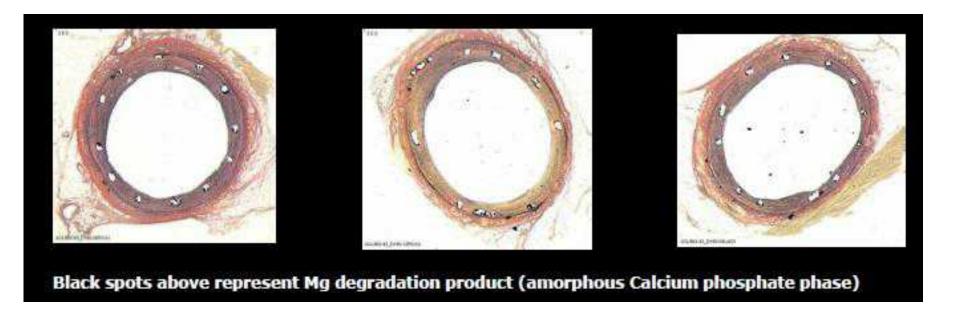


# **Commercial products**





#### **DREAMS Clinical result**





# **Acknowledgment**

https://sites.google.com/site/hendrahermawan

#### Research team:

- ☐ Sébastien Champagne, MS student
- ☐ Devi Paramitha, PhD student
- ☐ Reza Alavi, PhD student
- ☐ Agung Purnama, postdoc

#### **Collaborators:**

- ☐ Prof. Stephane Bolduc, Hôpital CHUL
- ☐ Prof. Deni Noviana, IPB
- ☐ Dr. Syafiqah Saidin, UTM

#### **Sponsors:**













